

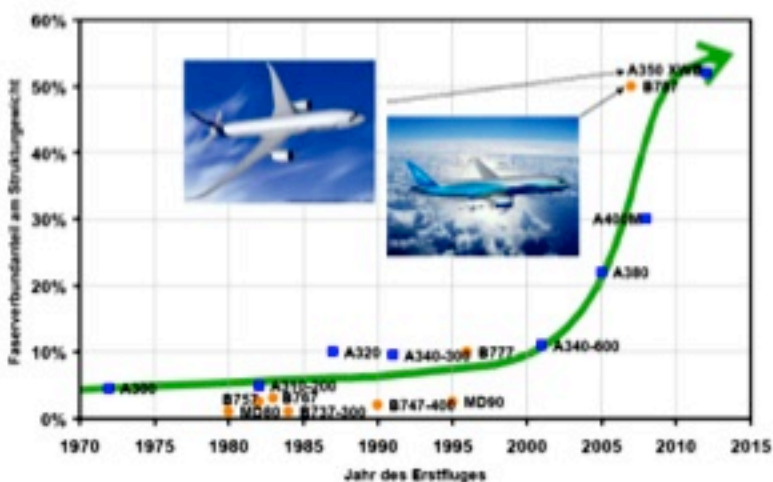


A3. Minimization of vehicular energy demand

Presenter: Prof. André R. Studart, ETH Zürich

1st Annual Conference SCCER Mobility, 11th September 2014, ETH Zürich

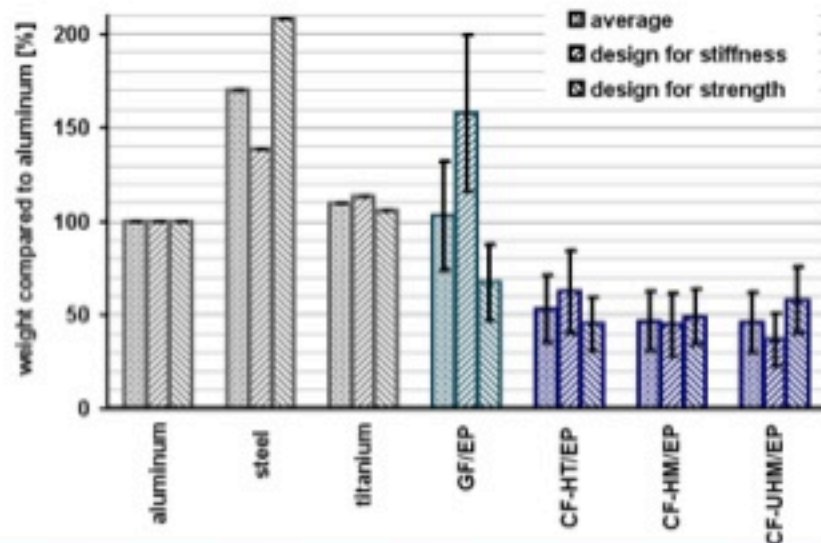
High performance composite have proven their performance and reliability in different industry sectors, including...



L. Herbeck, H. Voggenreiter, DLR Center of Excellence Composite Structures; Werkstoffsymposium Fahrzeugtechnik, Stuttgart, 3. & 4. Juli 2007



Megacity-Vehicle www.bmw-i.de



Fiber reinforced polymer structures have an exceptional lightweight performance due to the **outstanding specific stiffness and strength** of the material and the **superior fatigue behavior**.

But ...



Long processing times & high costs



Impact damage



Mostly structural parts / unexploited functionalities



Delamination

Brittle & susceptible to impact damage

Our goal

Identify new composite technologies to improve performance and reduce costs for mobile applications

Our team



Prof. Clemens Dransfeld
Institute for Polymer Technology
FHNW



Prof. Paolo Ermanni
Composite Materials
& Adaptive Structures
ETH Zürich



Dr. Christian Fischer
BComp



Dr. Gil Georges
Aerothermochemistry
& Combustion Systems Laboratory
ETH Zürich (Prof. Boulouchos)



Mr. Stève Mérillat
CC Schweiz



Prof. Véronique Michaud
Laboratory of Composite
& Polymer Technology
EPFL



Prof. André Studart
Laboratory for Complex Materials
ETH Zürich

How to improve manufacturing to reduce costs ?



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FHNW



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Long processing times & high costs



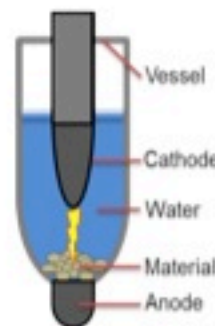
Prof. Clemens Dransfeld
Institute for Polymer Technology
FHNW



Ms. Julia Studer

**Institute of Polymer Technology (IKT)
University of Applied Science and Arts Northwestern Switzerland (FHNW)**

- **Head: Prof. Clemens Dransfeld, International team of ca. 30 scientists and engineers**
- **Processing of thermoset and thermoplastic composites**
- **Thermoset composites: fast processing via compression RTM and fast curing resin**
- **Thermoplastic composites:**
 - Complex parts from discontinuous fibre composites
 - Recycling by electrodynamic fragmentation



*M. Roux et al ICCM
19, 2013: Montreal*

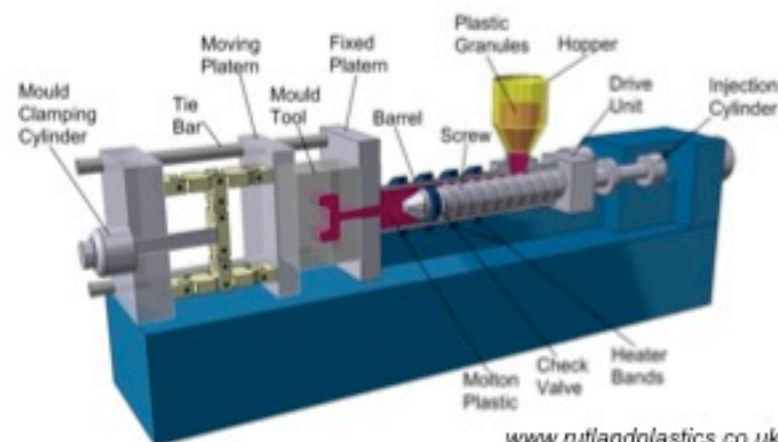
- Natural fibre composites
- Pultrusion of CF-PEEK

THERMOPLASTIC FABRIC REINFORCED COMPOSITES MADE BY INJECTION MOULDING

- **Motivation of the work: Composites with high fibre volume content**
- **Why Composites:**
 - Lightweight design, reduction of energy demand (BMW i3)
 - Fast processing, reduction of manufacturing cost: Automotive
 - Thermoplastic matrix for recycling
- **Why using an injection moulding machine?**
 - Short cycle time
 - Repeatable process
 - Technology widely used in industry



www.bmw.com/www.autoevolution.com

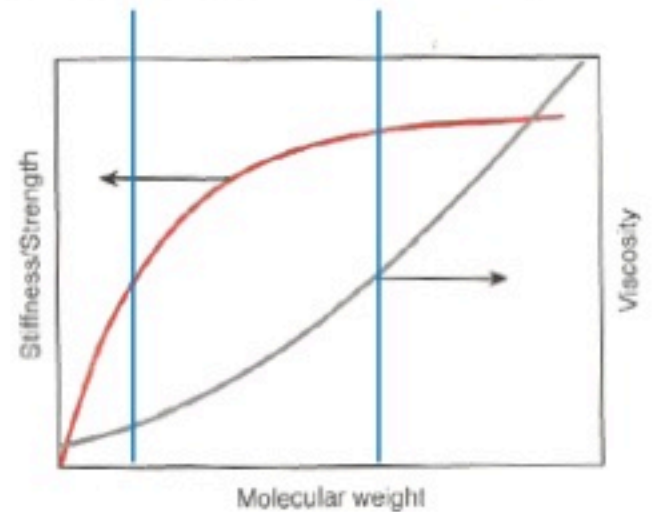
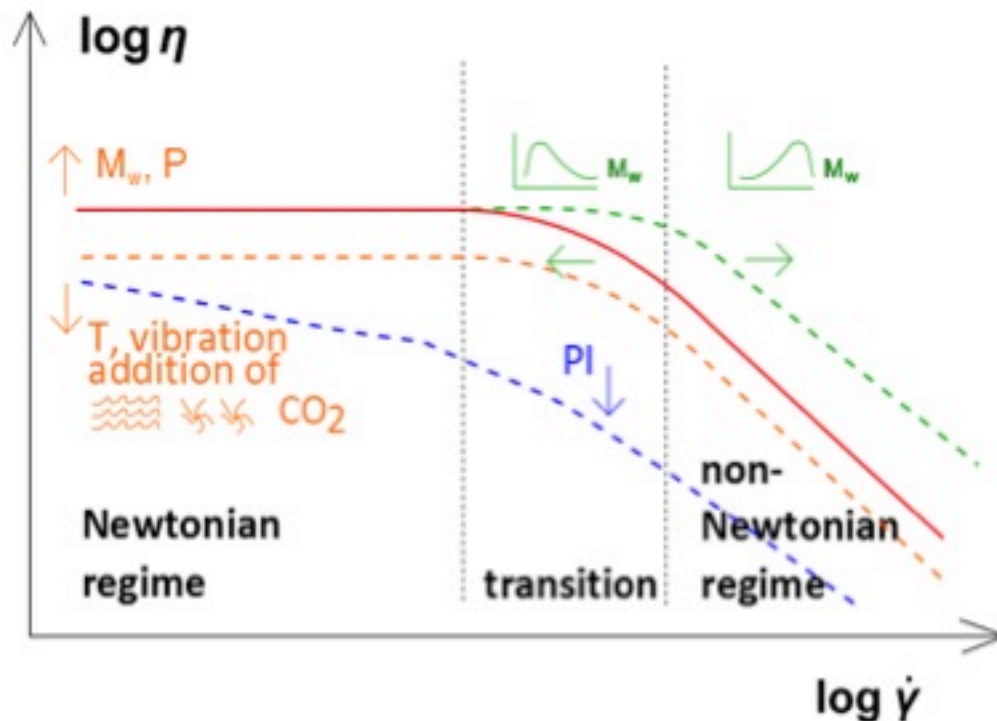
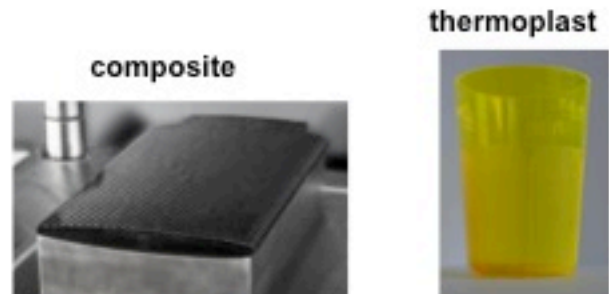


www.rutlandplastics.co.uk

- **Problem:** high viscosity of the matrix makes impregnation of fabrics difficult

Viscosity reduction of the thermoplastic matrix

- Further investigation of known principles used for polymer parts with regard to matrix materials in composites
- Different requirements on mechanical properties



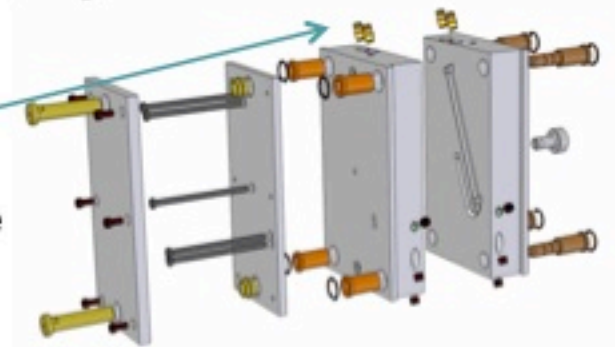
Materials Science of Polymers for Engineers, Menges/Osswald, Hanser (2012)

Adaptation of the injection moulding process for fabric impregnation with low viscous thermoplast

Classical injection moulding



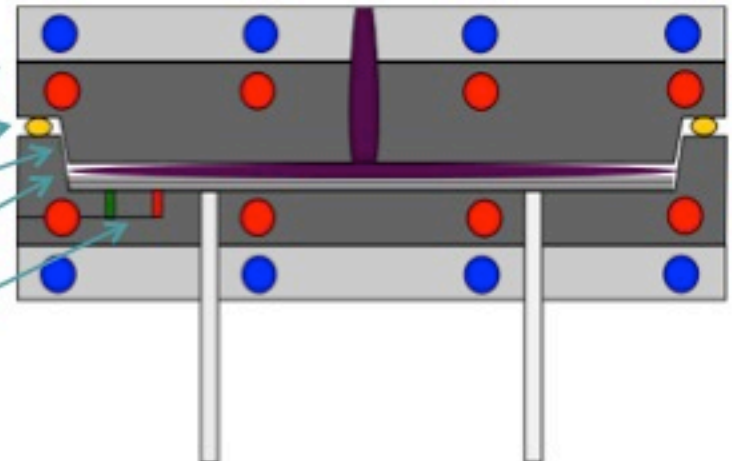
- Horizontal machine
- isothermal mould
- no vertical shut-off
- no embossing stroke
- no sealing
- no vibration



Topics to be addressed in the adapted process



- Vertical machine
- Shut-off nozzle
- Variothermal mould
- Sealing
- Vertical shut-off
- Embossing stroke
- Temperature and pressure sensors
- Vibration
- ...



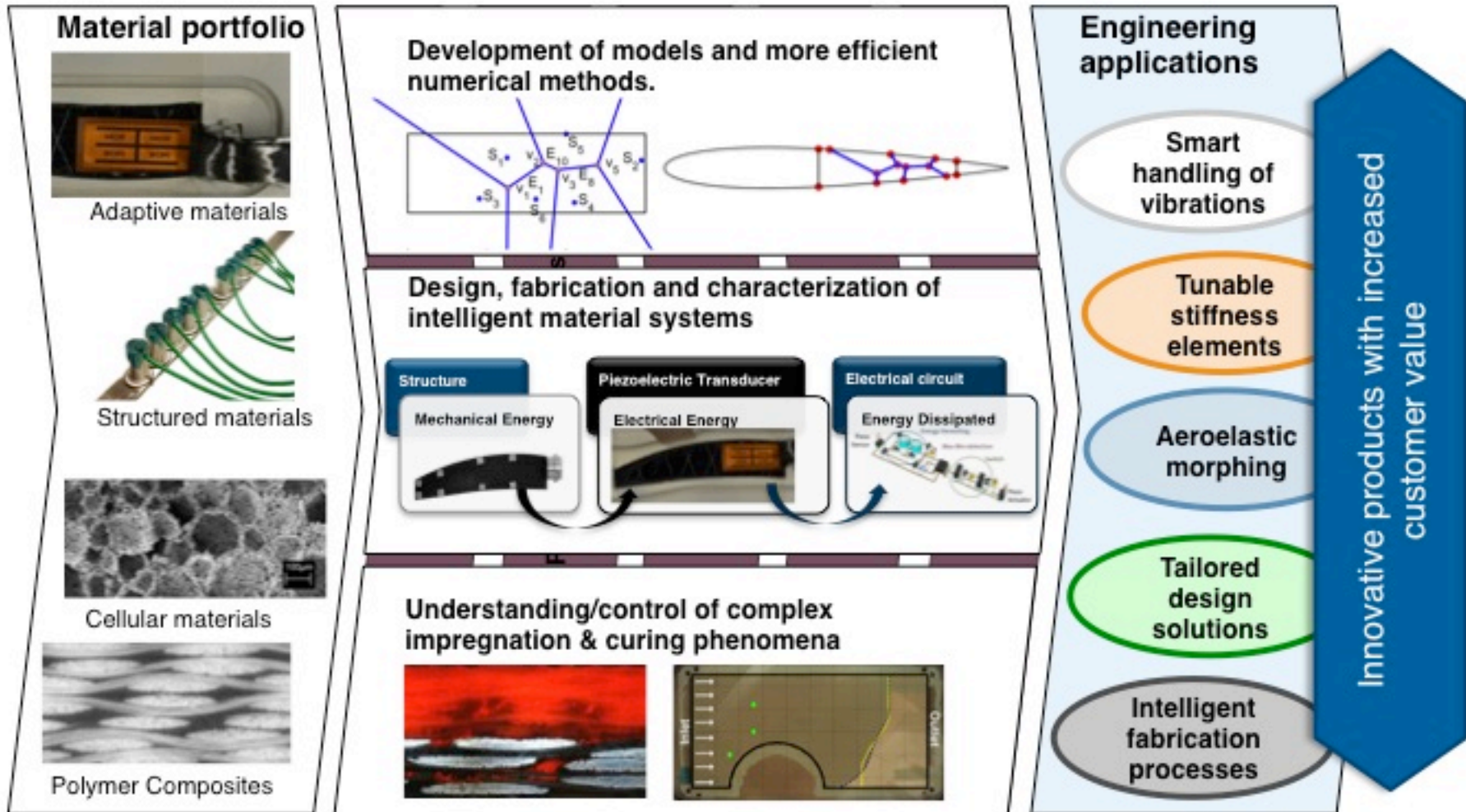


Prof. Paolo Ermanni
Composite Materials
& Adaptive Structures
ETH Zürich



Dr. Joanna Wong

Competences span from material science to novel engineering applications



Focus within SCCER

- **Novel yarn technologies** possess the potential to fill the existing gap along the value chain, between the constituent materials and the manufacturing step.
- We will focus on the direct consolidation of fiber reinforced **thermoplastic composites** based on novel approaches on hybridization and commingling.



Oligomere Technologies for Cost-Effective Processing of High-Performance Thermoplastic Composites

- Low cost processing route for PPA - composites
 - Exploit the low viscosity of Prepolymers for impregnation of prepolymer preregs
 - Conduct the polymerization in the textile reinforcement
- Idea: Bridge the gap of «low cost polymer to high performance composites» by using Polyphthalamide (PPA)

PA 6T/6I Prepolymers



Pini M, Zaniboni C, Busato S, Ermanni P, Perspectives for reactive molding of PPA as matrix for high-performance composite materials, Journal of Thermoplastic Composite Materials, 19 (2): 207-216, 2006

Oligomere Technologies for Cost-Effective Processing of High-Performance Thermoplastic Composites

2. Textile Technologies

Textile Process

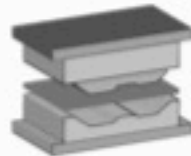


Prepolymer Preforms



3. Reactive Forming

Shaping, Impregnation



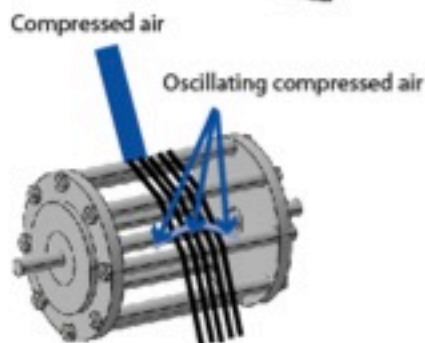
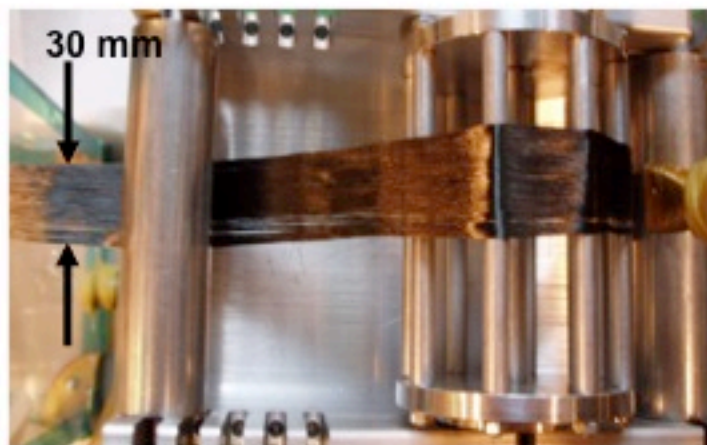
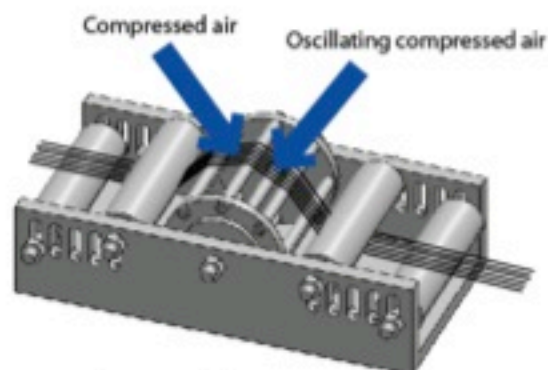
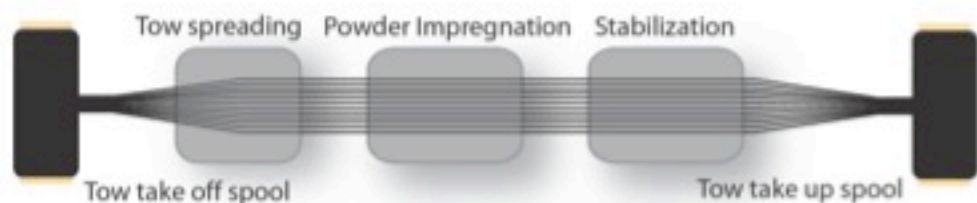
Polymer Composite Parts



Crystallization, In-situ Polymerization

Oligomere Technologies for Cost-Effective Processing of High-Performance Thermoplastic Composites

- Development of a dry powder impregnation unit
 - Spreading mechanisms for fiber tows
 - Bonding of dry powder to fiber tows by electrostatic forces

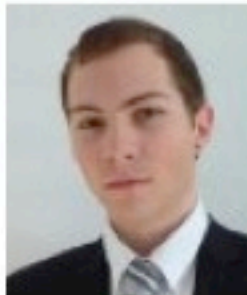




Prof. Véronique Michaud
Laboratory of Composite
& Polymer Technology
EPFL



Dr. Sara Dalle Vacche



Mr. Maxime Cattin



Mr. Damiano Salvatori

Laboratory of Composite and Polymer Technology (LTC-EPFL)

Created: 1990

By Prof. Jan-Anders E. Månson

Affiliation

- School of Engineering @EPFL
- Material Science and engineering

Director:

Prof. Jan-Anders E. Månson

Direction:

P-E Bourban, Y. Leterrier, V. Michaud,
C. Plummer, K.Schadegg

Secretariat:

C. Chariatte, M. Klincewicz

Staff :

- 12 post-doctoral researchers
- 16 doctoral students
- 8 engineers
- 2 visiting scientists

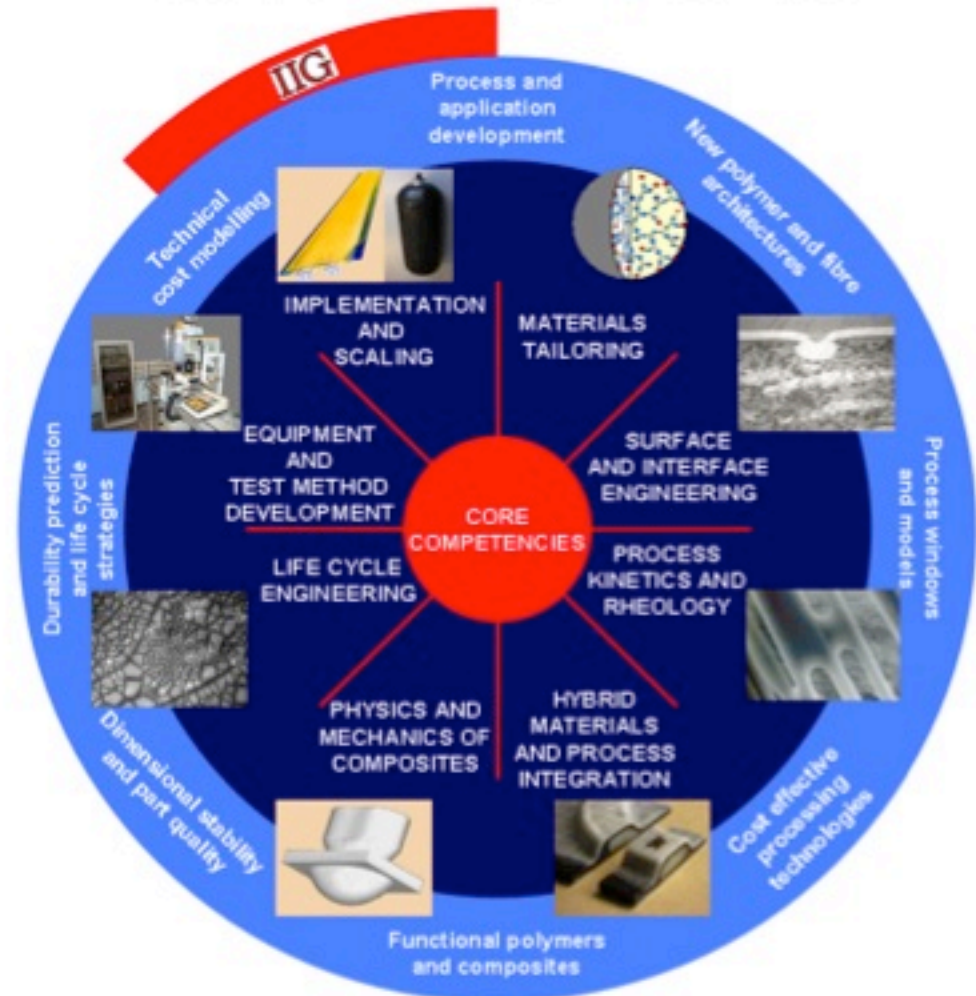
Research domains

- Cost effective manufacturing
- Implementation strategies
- High performance composites
- Smart composites
- Multi layer thin films
- Nano composites
- Bio composites

Main industrial partners

- OEM's: Aerospace, Automotive, Packaging, Sport equipm.
- Johnson Controls, Vetrotex, ABB, Bekaert, KB
- Quadrant, DuPont, Dow, EMS Chemie, Firmenich, Solvay
- Philips, Tetra Pak, Alinghi, Solar Impulse

Research core competences

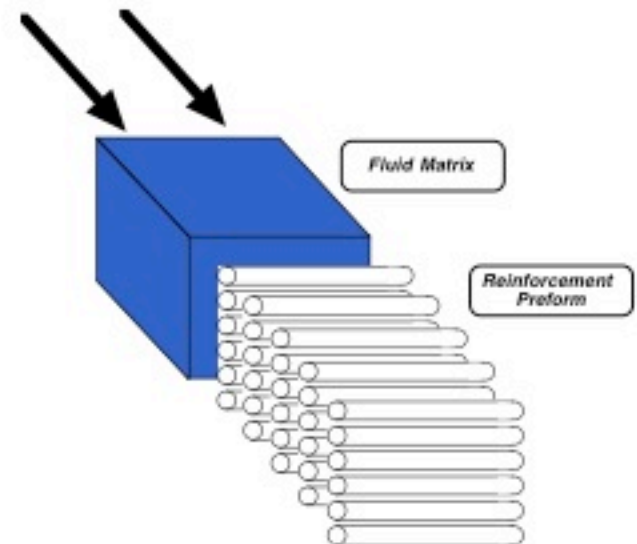


Area of activities in the SCCER

- Develop robust **Liquid Composite Moulding (LCM) processes** with **thermoplastic matrices**, suitable for transport applications, ie with suitable structural properties, for high production volumes (i.e. short production cycle time, low cost), possibly suitable thermal insulation properties.
- Perform technical studies, as well as **Technical Cost and Life Cycle Assessment** for thermoplastic composite processes in mobility applications

What is Liquid Composite Moulding (LCM) ?

LCM belongs to infiltration processes, whereby the liquid matrix flows into a dry porous medium over a distance that is greater than the length-scale of the reinforcement (a fiber bundle, a few fiber bundles)

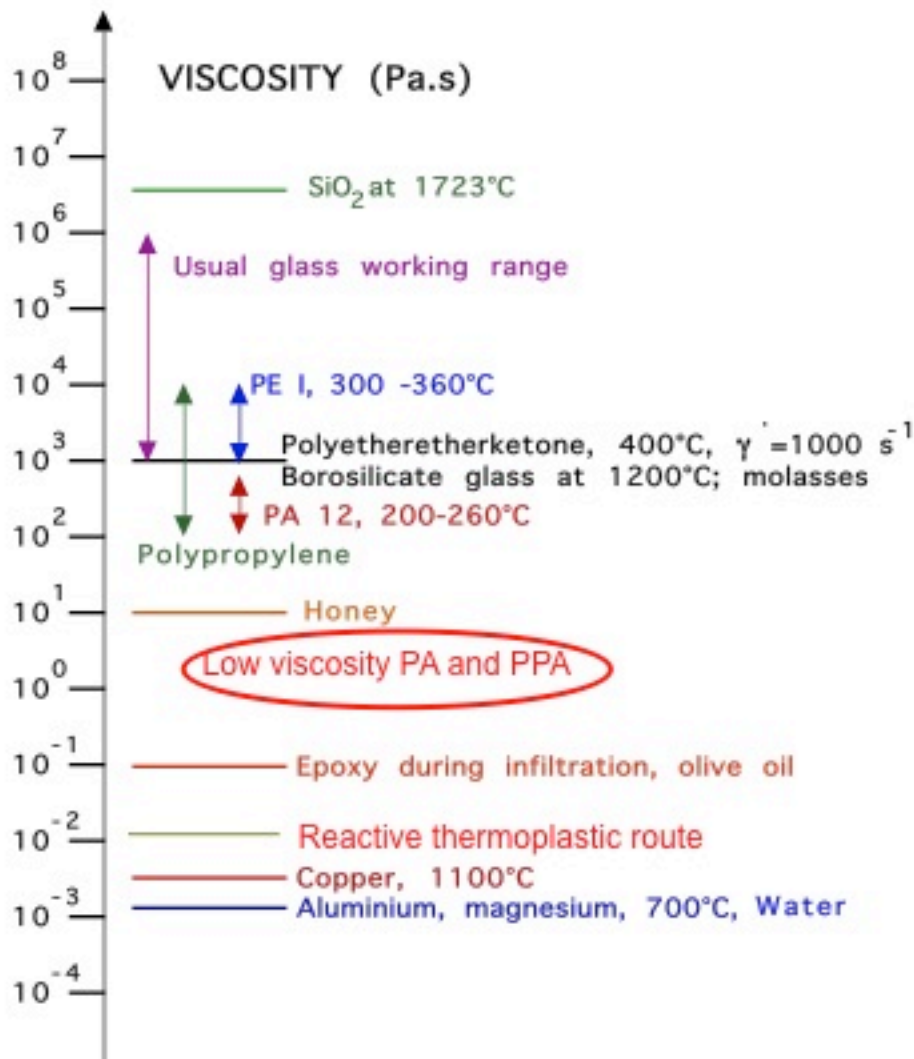
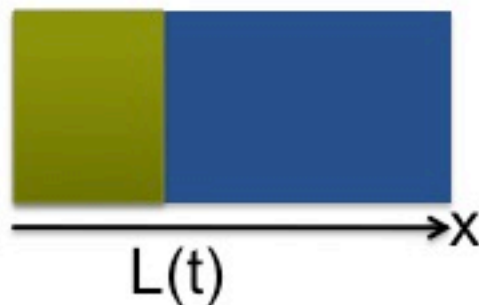


Infiltration

Motivation for TP/LCM

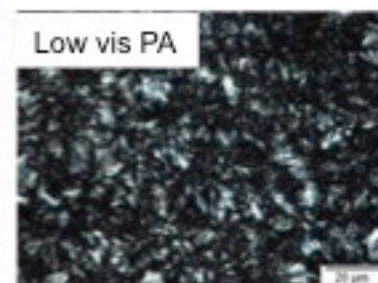
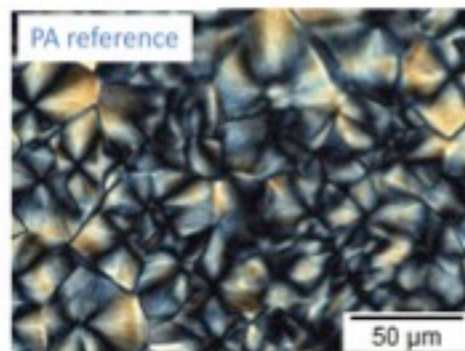
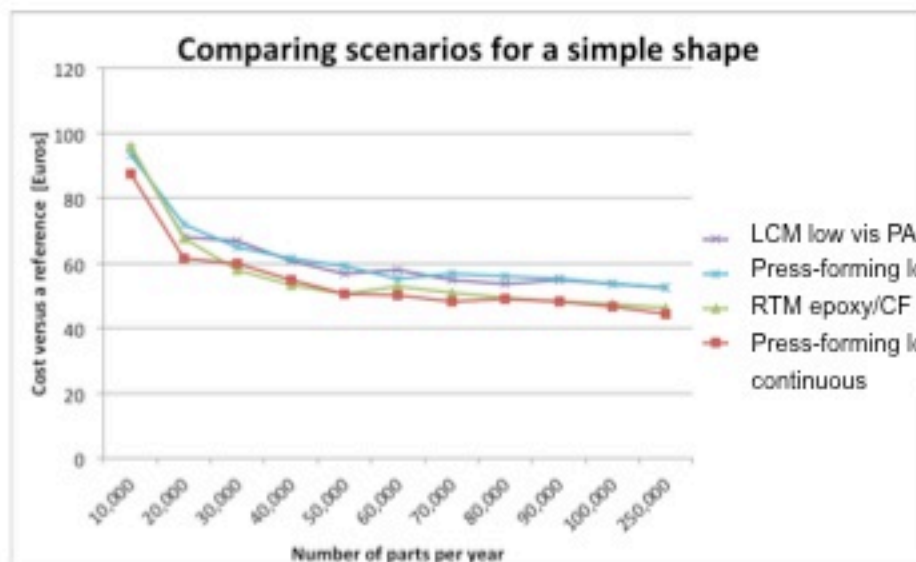
- Time for infiltration, under constant pressure, unidirectional, with no preform deformation...

$$t = \frac{\eta(1 - V_f)L^2}{-2K\Delta P}$$



Low viscosity PA systems, 10-15 Pa.s

- Potential for rapid processes, mechanical properties similar to reference PA
- Cost comparable to that of RTM processes, suitable for complex shaped parts



Work in progress/planned

Investigate the process window for LCM with PA:

- Capillary effects and solidification in presence of the reinforcement,
- Set-up of a laboratory tool for PA-LCM
- Optimization of processing parameters (temperatures, pressure, consolidation time, heating/cooling rates, effects of temperature gradients)
- Evaluation of preforming strategies, distribution grids, or varying permeability media (tow and low Vf mats)
- Definition of a case study from automotive related applications
- Cost/LCA analysis of process versus traditional RTM

How to improve properties of composites ?



Prof. André Studart
Laboratory for Complex Materials
ETH Zürich



Dr. Rafael Libanori



Ms. Madeleine Grossman



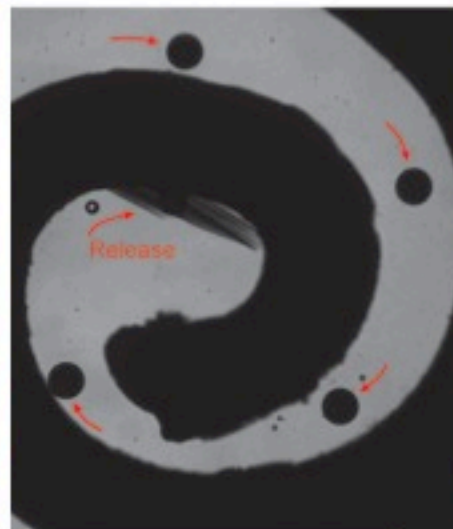
Brittle & susceptible to
impact damage

We create **composite materials with complex hierarchical architectures**. These materials are exploited to deepen our understanding of structure-property relationships at multiple length scales

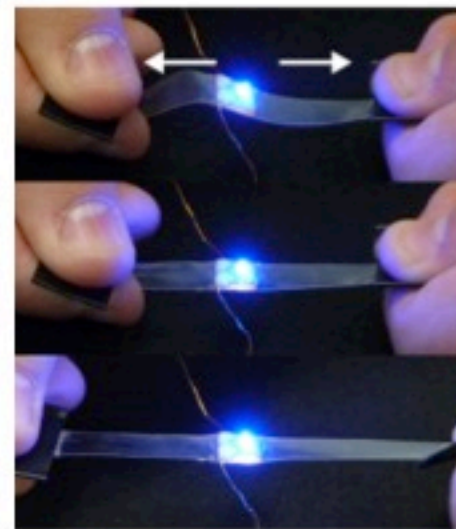
COMPLEX
Materials



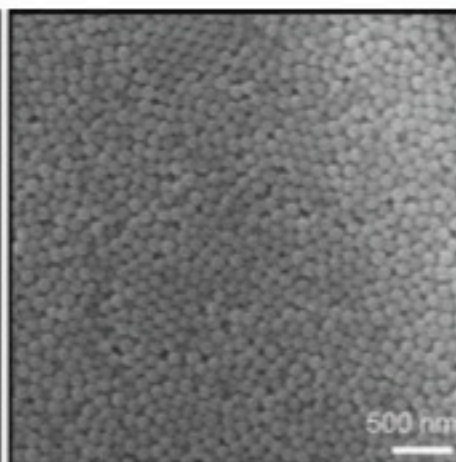
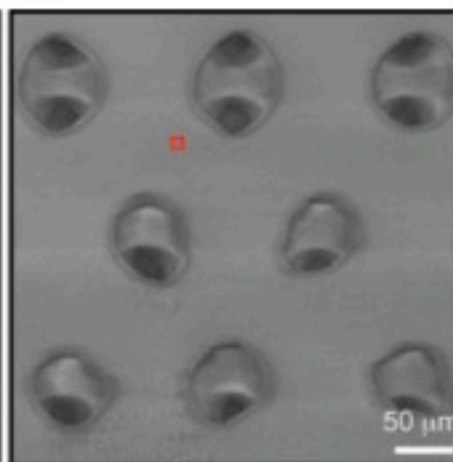
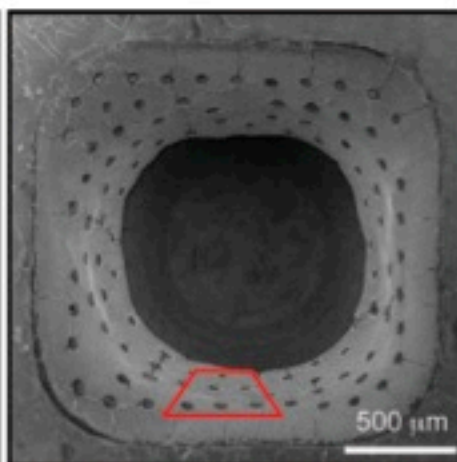
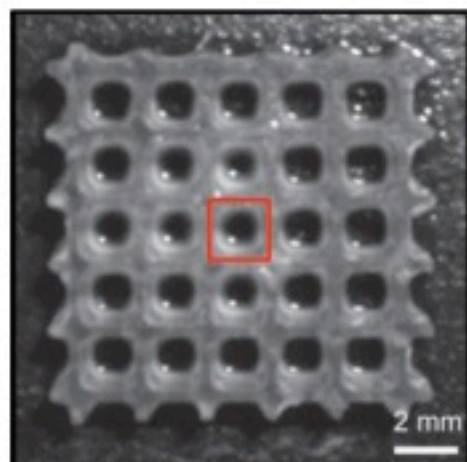
Bioinspired
composites



Functional
microcapsules

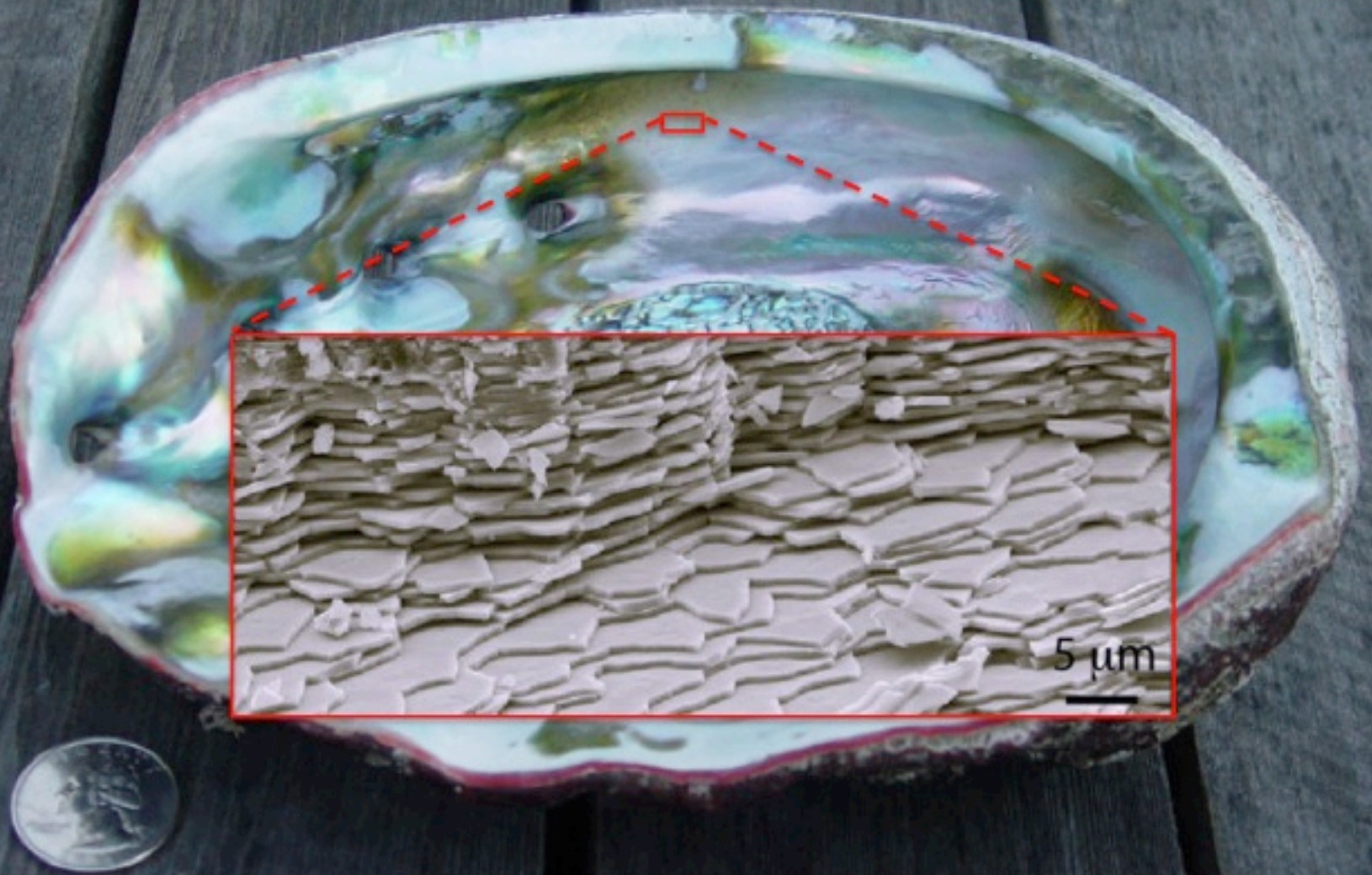


Functional
materials

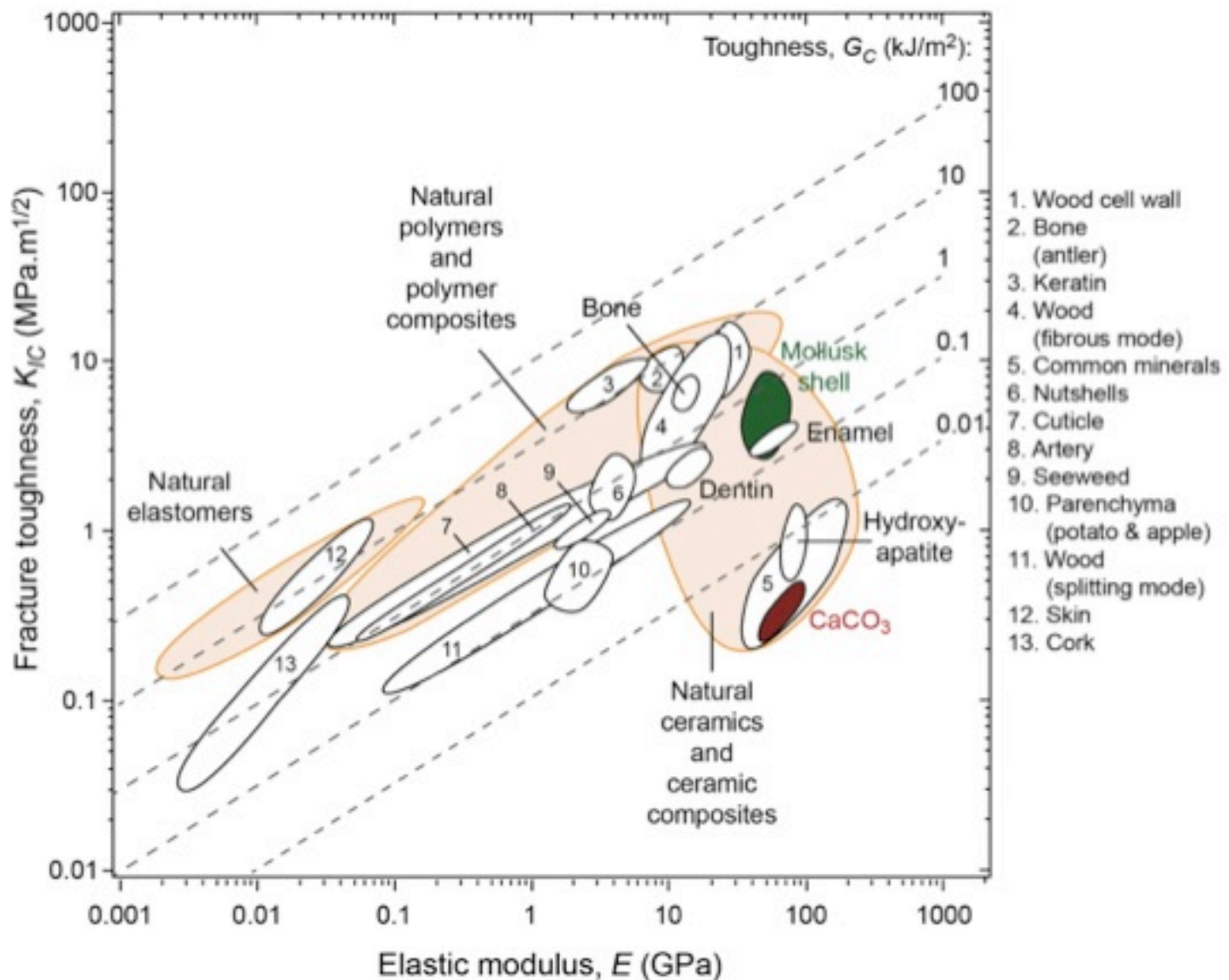


Hierarchical porous materials

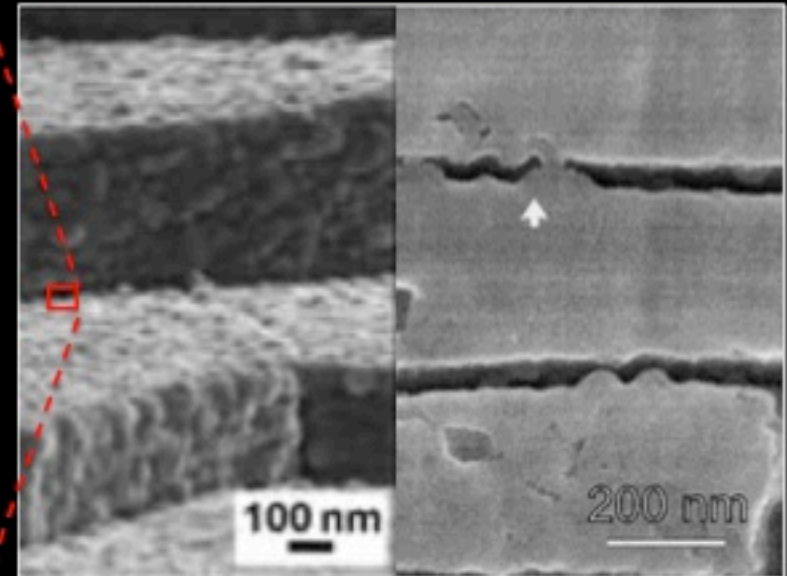
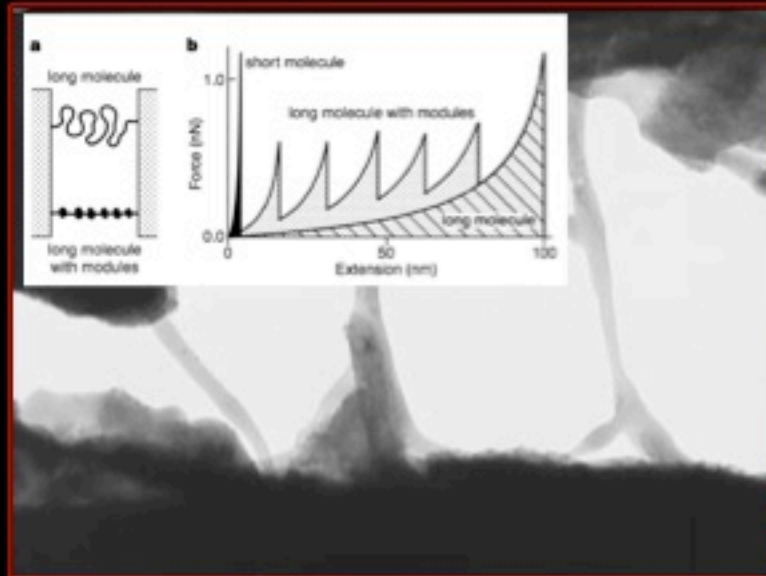
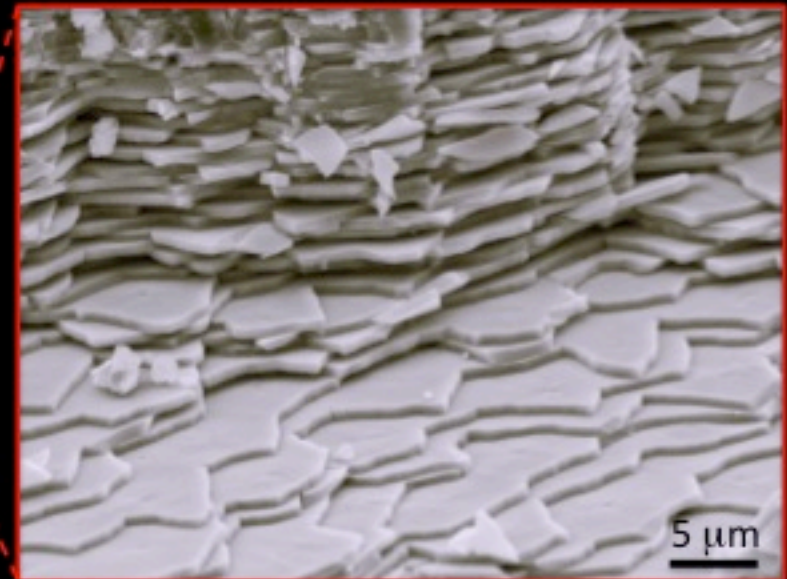
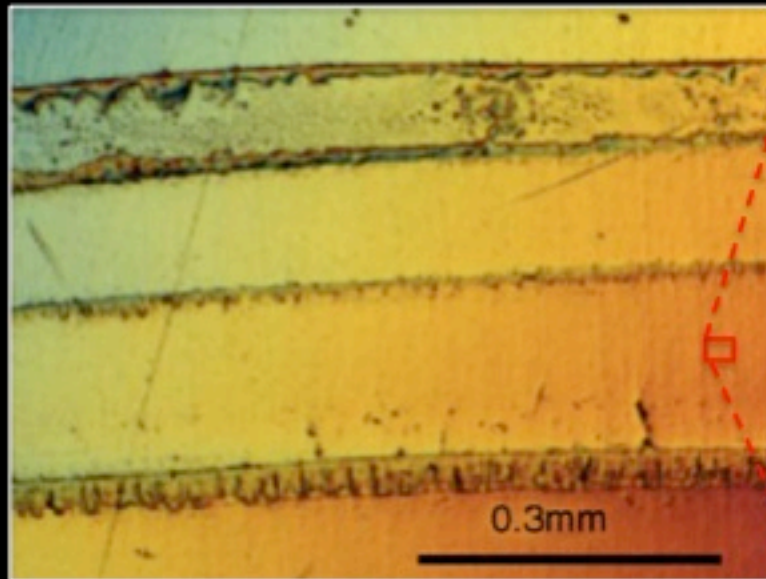
Nacre: Tough composite in nature



Toughness through micro-/nano structural design



Nacre



Menig, R. et al, *Acta Mater.* 2000, 48, 2383

Smith et al, *Nature* 1999, 399, 761

Oaki & Imai, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2005, 44, 6571

Wang et al, *J. Mater. Res.* 2001, 16, 2485

A grayscale micrograph showing numerous platelets. The platelets are small, irregularly shaped cells with a distinct, darker central region (granules) and a lighter outer rim. They are scattered across the field of view. A white rectangular box is overlaid in the center of the image, containing text.

Goals within SCCER:

Study the effect of **polymer phase** and **platelet roughness**
on the mechanics of nacre-inspired composites

How to design composites for thermal efficiencies ?

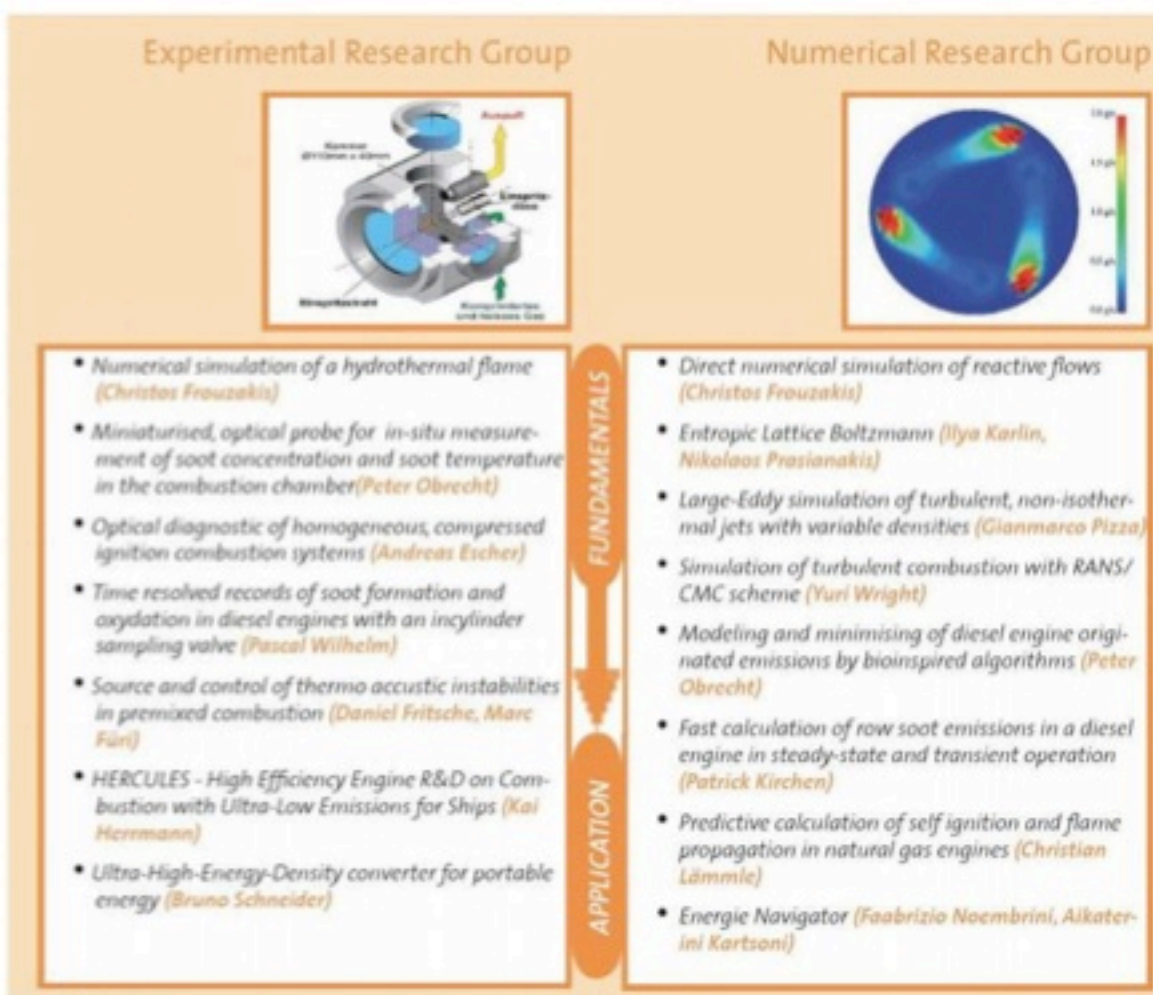


Dr. Gil Georges
Aerothermochemistry
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Mostly structural parts /
unexploited functionalities

Competences



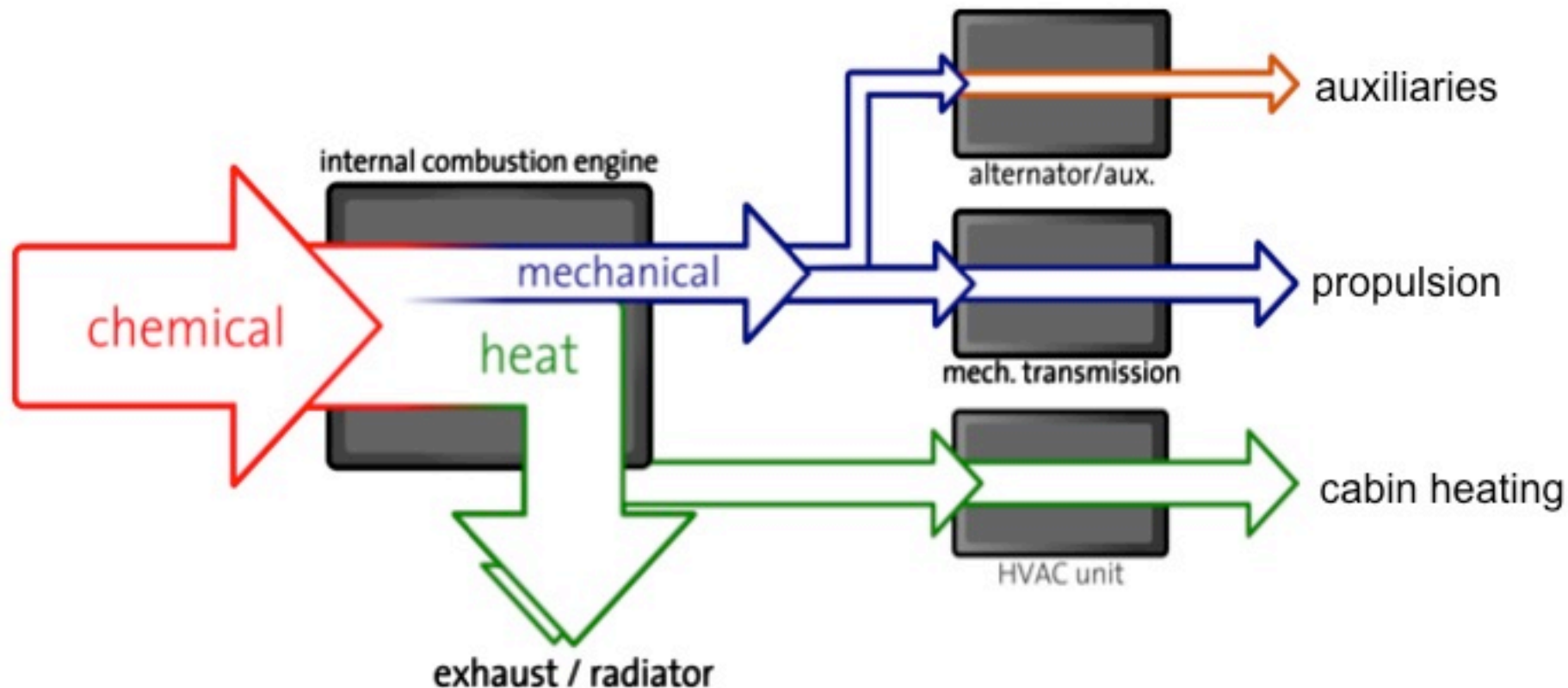
Provision of auxiliary power in conventional powertrains

Overview

Auxiliary loads

Excerpt of results

Outlook



- 1) heating energy is «free» → no impact on range
- 2) auxiliary power from mechanical output → better load-point

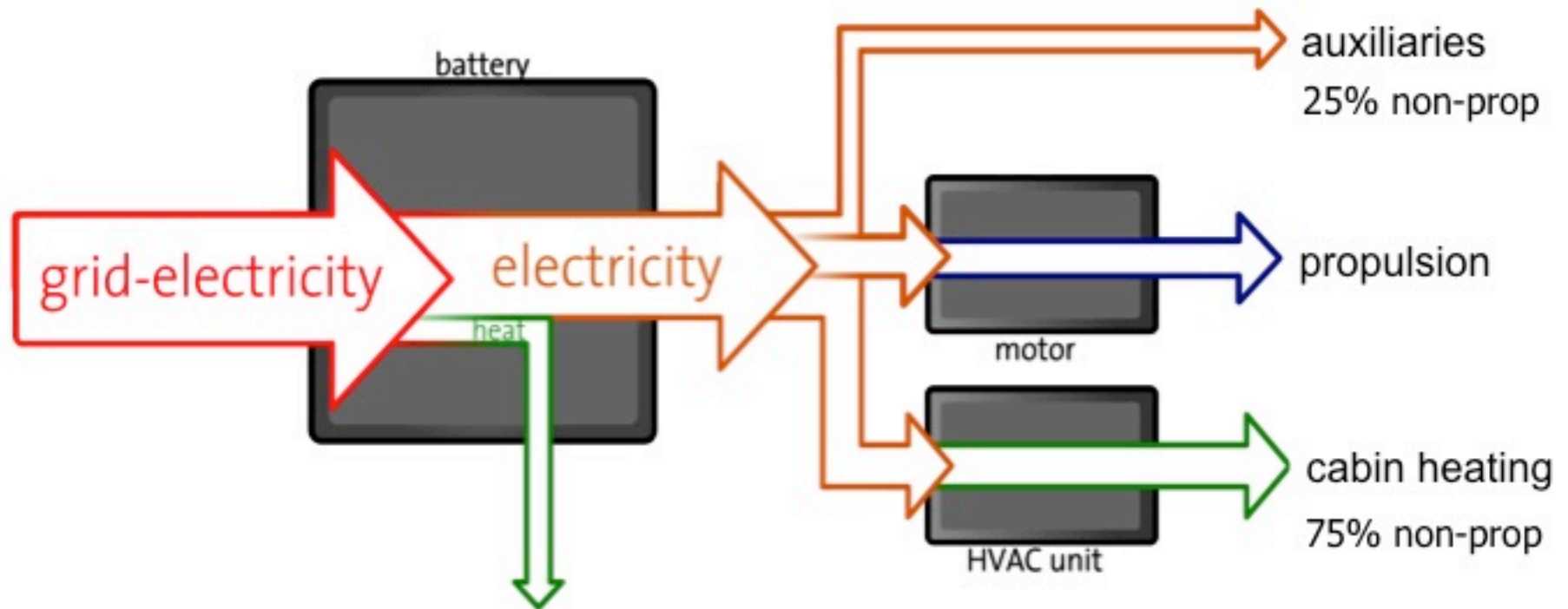
Provision of auxiliary power in electric vehicles

Overview

Auxiliary loads

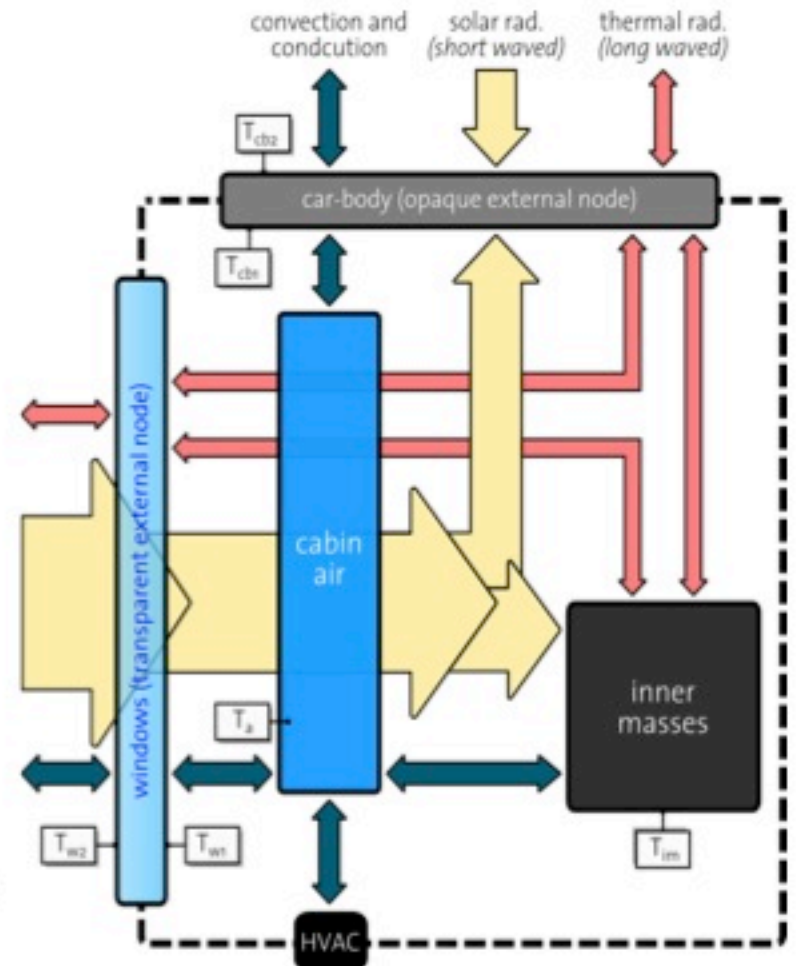
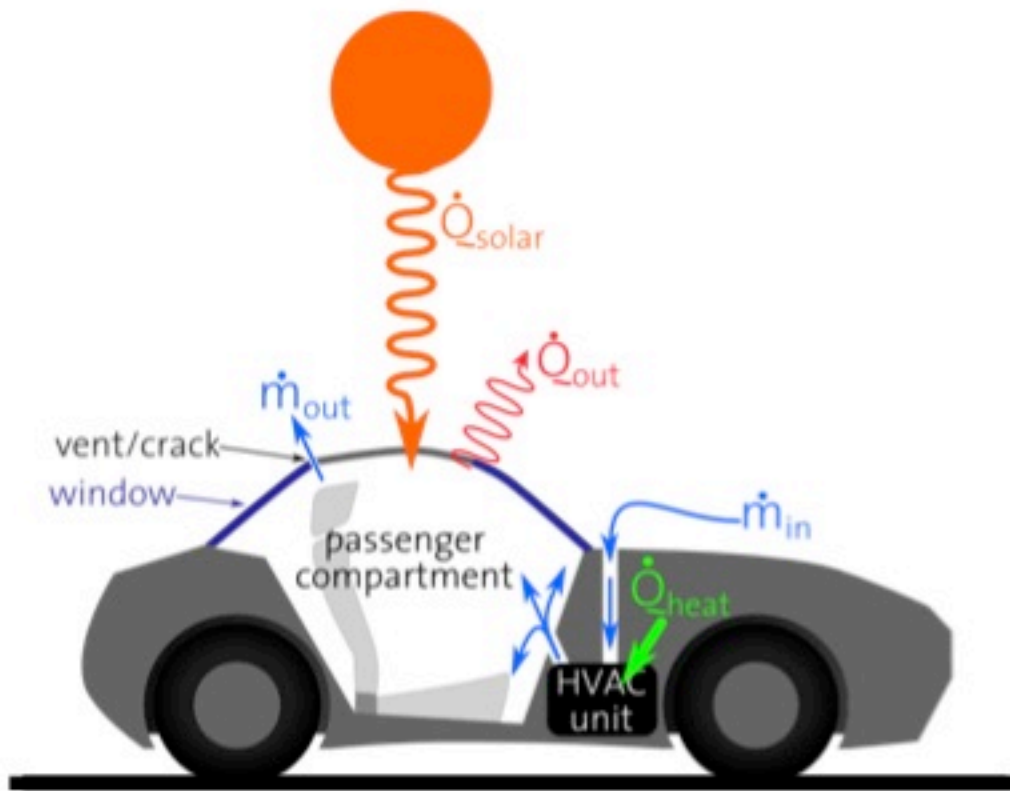
Excerpt of results

Outlook



- 1) heating in competition for battery energy → range decimated
- 2) auxiliary power increases battery current → higher losses

Thermal model of a passenger cabin



Source: Investigation of the propulsive and non-propulsive loads in passenger cars with emphasis on electric mobility, G. Georges, ETH-Diss Nr. 22057

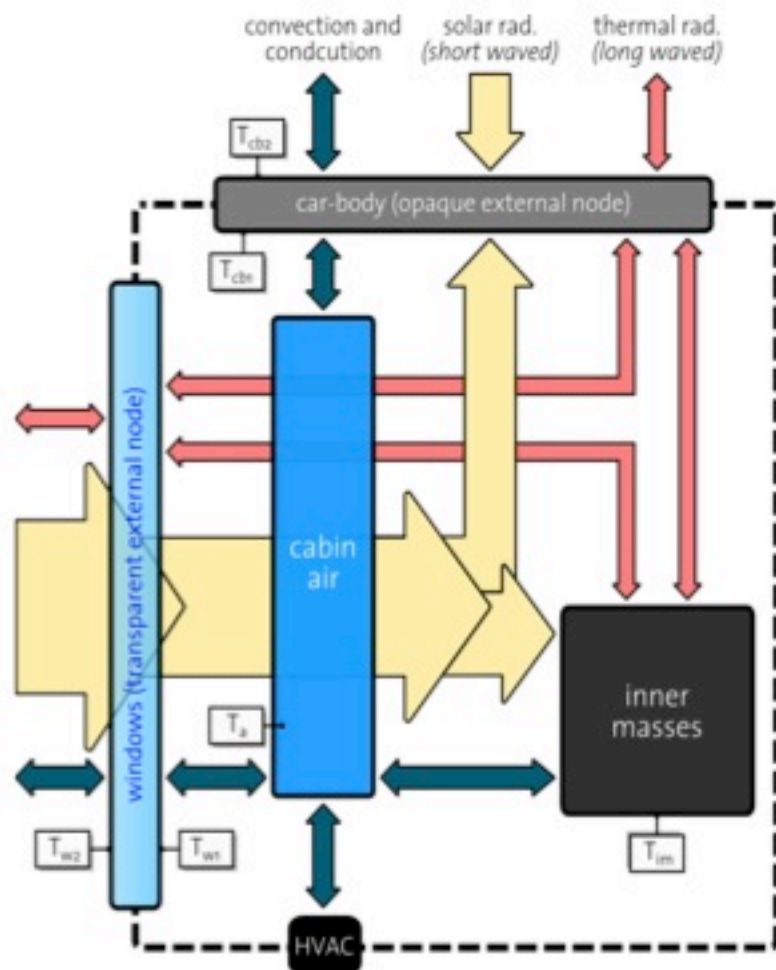
Thermal model of a passenger cabin

4 thermally interacting bodies:

- Cabin air → exchanged via HVAC
- Car-body (opaque)
- Windows (transparent → sunlight)
- Inner masses (seats, ...)

The inner masses have:

- A high heat-capacity, in particular much higher than the cabin air
- No direct path to exchange heat with the atmosphere



Transient heating/cooling dominates

Overview

Auxiliary loads

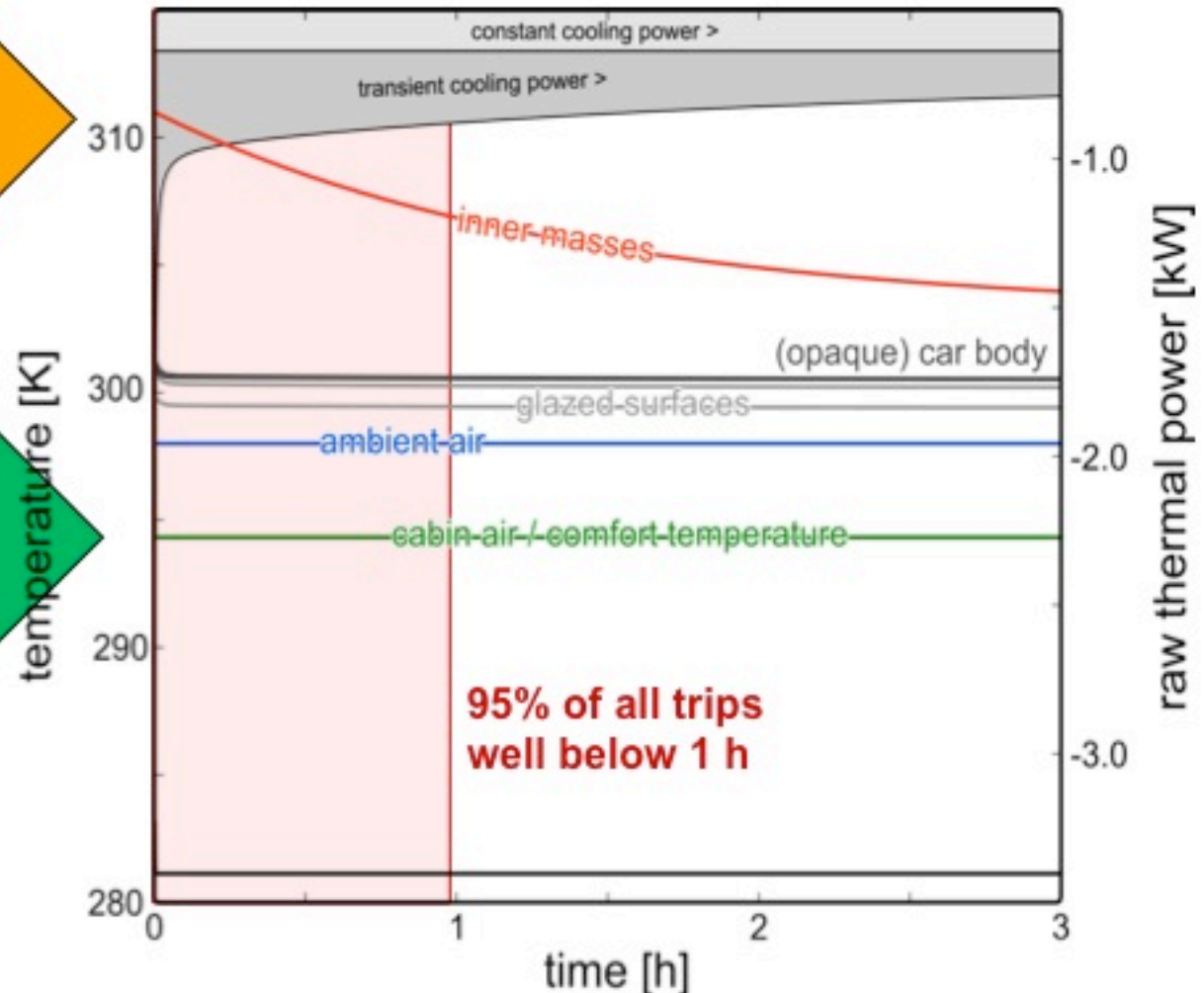
Excerpt of results

Outlook

Inner masses cool down slowly

Cabin air drops to targeted comfort temperature within minutes

Example for a Golf-type car driving away on a 2014 «summer» day



Outlook

- **Experimental validation with EMPA-ICEL**
- **Application of model to different climates**
 - «global» importance of HVAC load
 - Need for region-specific HVAC solutions?
- **Application of model to other vehicles (boundary conditions)**
 - Different passenger cars (mini/city ... SUV)
 - Commercial vehicles → in particular busses
- **Co-simulation with powertrain → hybrid electric systems**
 - Advanced energy management strategies
 - Advanced energy harvesting methods
- **Assessment of effect of different composite materials on heat capacity of inner masses and thermal properties of the vehicle**



Our bridge to industry



Dr. Christian Fischer
BComp



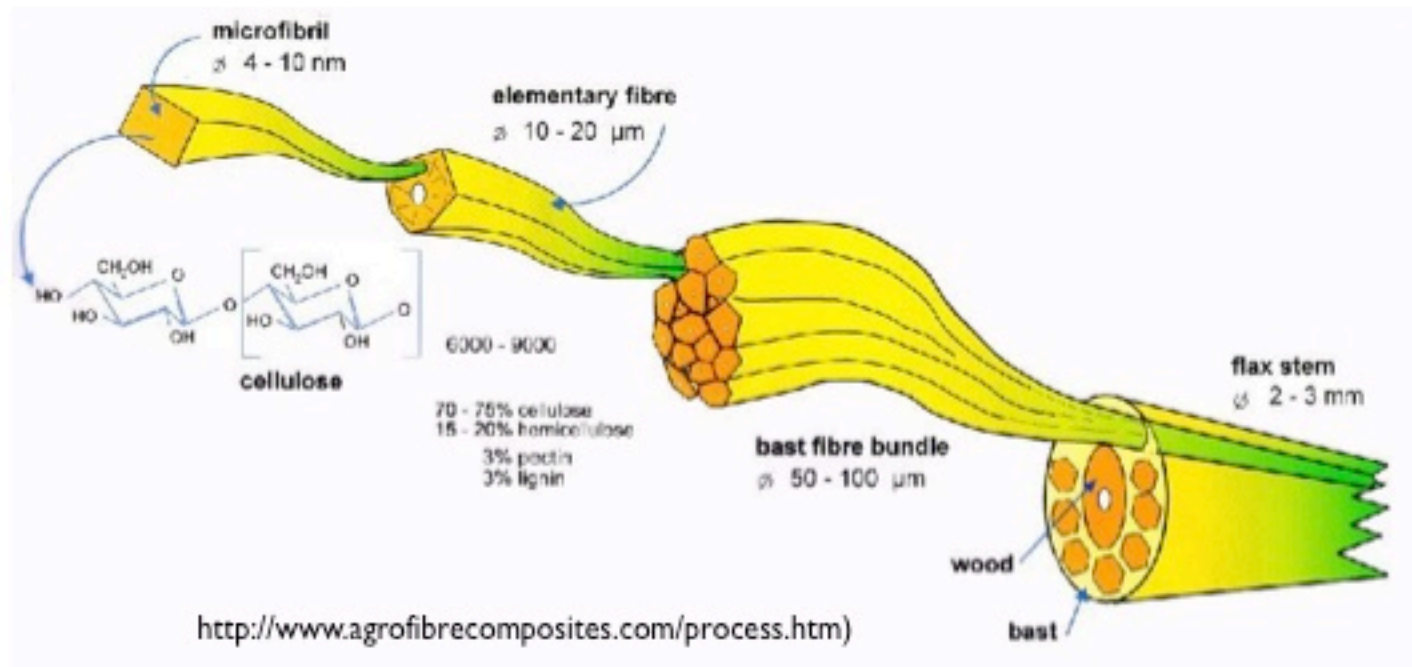
Bcomp @ SCCER
11.9.2014

Natural fibre composite solutions

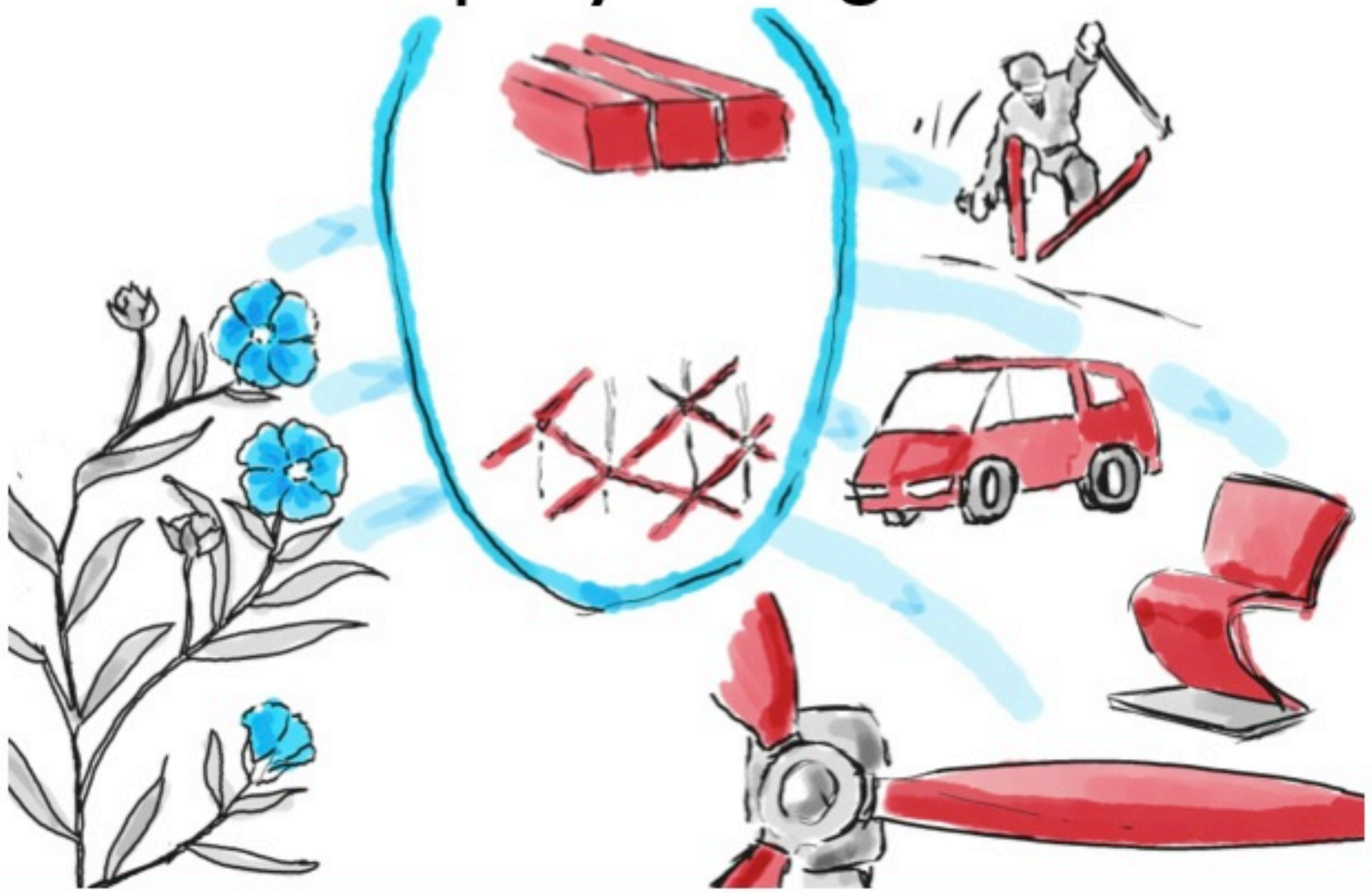
Play naturally smart



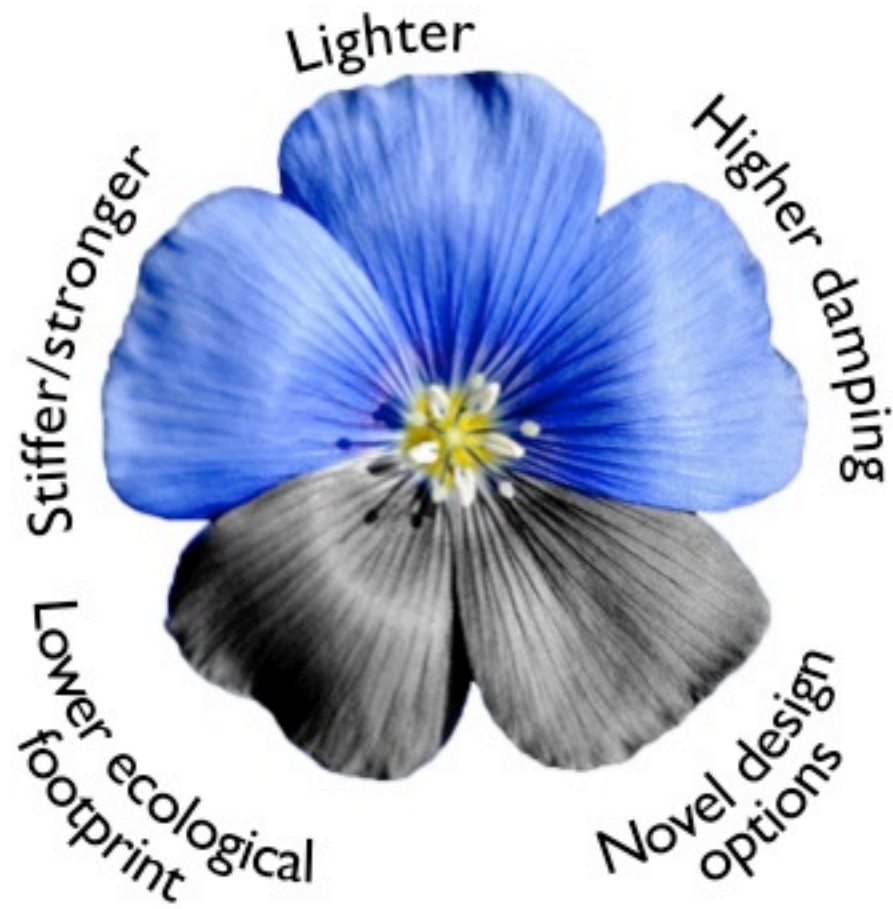
Hierarchical flax stem



Company background

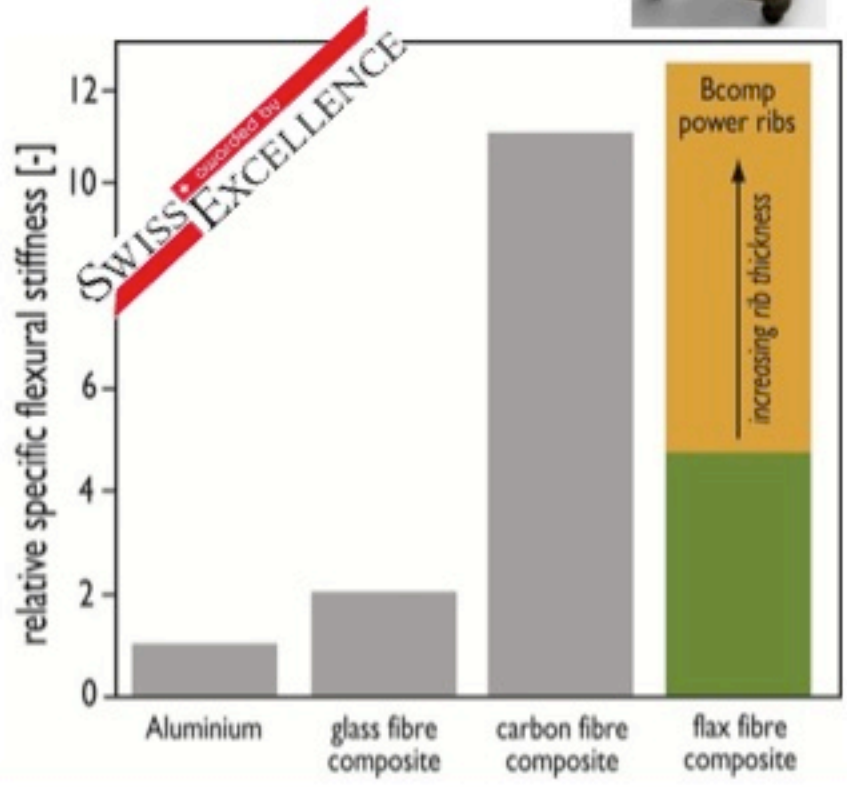


USPs

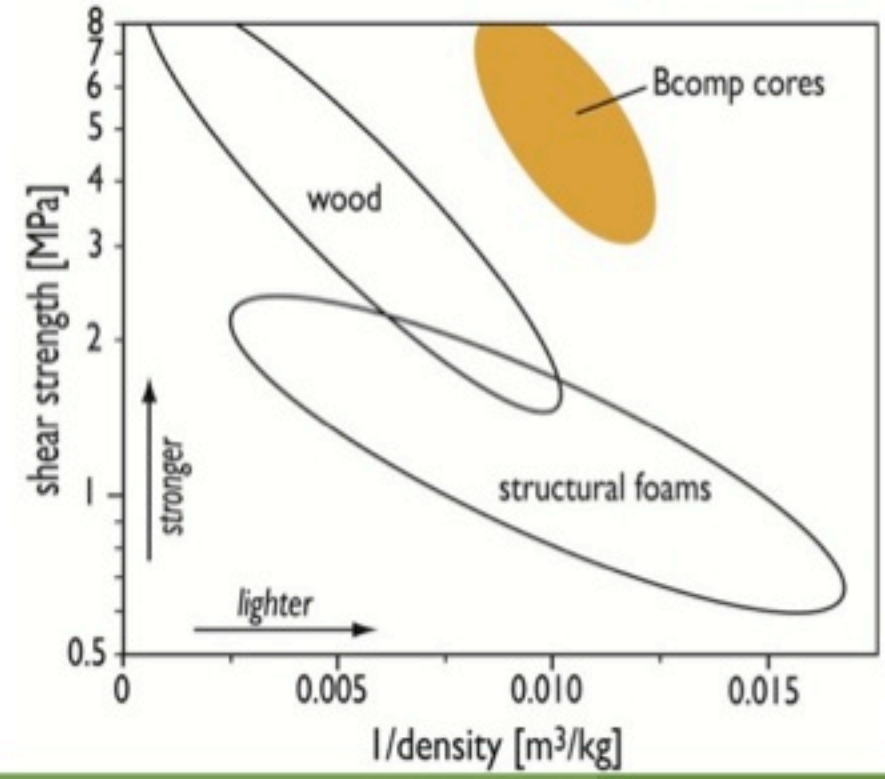


Bcomp technologies

» power ribs patented

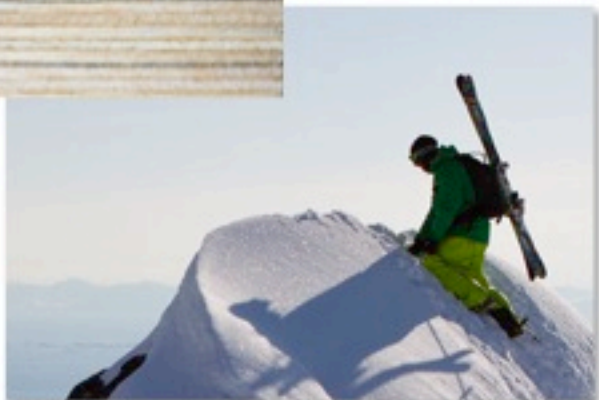


» bCores patented



Product portfolio

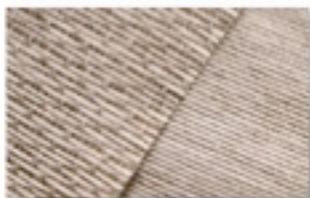
bCores



- >> Skis
- >> Snowboards
- >> Surf
- >> Kiteboards
- >> Instruments



ampliTex



- >> Sports & Leisure
- >> Design & Furniture
- >> Music instruments
- >> Mobility



powerRibs



- >> Bicycle frames and components
- >> Mobility
- >> Space and Aerospace
- >> Cable cars



Our bridge to industry



Mr. Stève Mérillat
CC Schweiz

Goal

Benefit for swiss industry, especially SME's through innovation und promotion of joint work with universities and institutes



In cooperation with the CTI



KTT-Support

National thematic networks



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Commission for Technology and Innovation CTI

Composite – Industry in Switzerland

SAMPE Marktstudie Composites*

www.sampe.ch

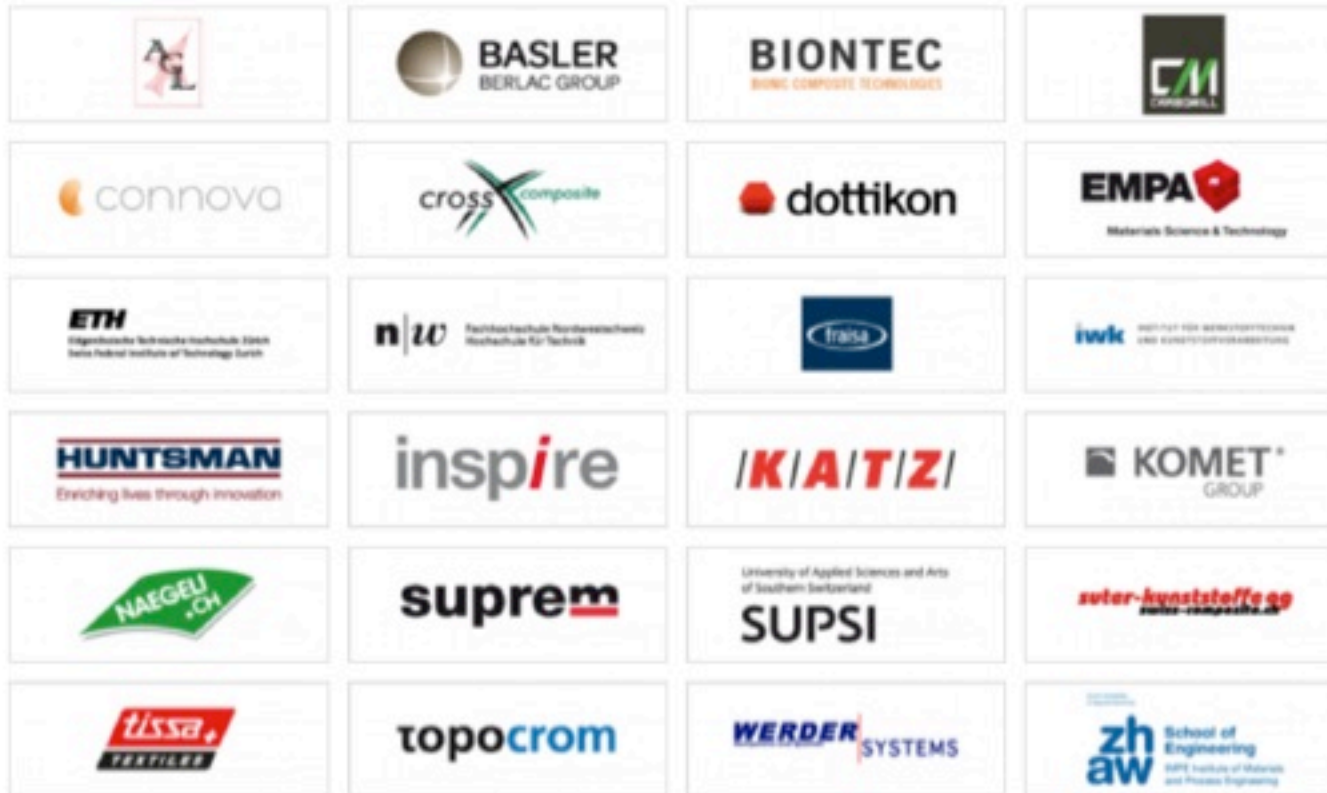


- More than 100 companies and approx 1 Billion CHF/a

*Autoren:
Nicolas Eguemann und Jochen Müller (FHNW)

Members CC Schweiz

CC Schweiz today: 24 Members



Our team



Prof. Clemens Dransfeld
Institute for Polymer Technology
FHNW



Prof. Paolo Ermanni
Composite Materials
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BComp



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Mr. Stève Mérillat
CC Schweiz



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& Polymer Technology
EPFL



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Laboratory for Complex Materials
ETH Zürich

Unique team bridging fundamentals (academics) to applied research (industry)
Many opportunities for synergetic collaboration



Thank you !